

From Policy Gradient to Actor-Critic methods

Proximal Policy Optimization (PPO)

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Outline

- ▶ There are two PPO algorithms
- ▶ They are well covered on youtube videos
- ▶ So only a quick overview here
- ▶ Easy implementation, a lot used
- ▶ Key question: is it Actor-Critic?

Proximal Policy Optimization (Algorithm 1)

- ▶ The conjugate gradient method of TRPO is not available in tensor libraries
- ▶ Same idea as TRPO, but uses a soft constraint on trust region rather than a hard one
- ▶ Instead of:

$$\max_{\theta} \mathbb{E}_t \left[\frac{\pi_{\theta}(\mathbf{a}_t | \mathbf{s}_t)}{\pi_{\theta old}(\mathbf{a}_t | \mathbf{s}_t)} A_{\pi_{\theta old}}(\mathbf{s}_t, \mathbf{a}_t) \right]$$

subject to $\mathbb{E}_t [KL(\pi_{\theta old}(.|s) || \pi_{\theta}(\mathbf{a}_t | \mathbf{s}_t))] \leq \delta$

- ▶ Rather use:

$$\max_{\theta} \mathbb{E}_{s \sim \rho, a \sim \pi} \left[\frac{\pi_{\theta}(\mathbf{a}_t | \mathbf{s}_t)}{\pi_{\theta old}(\mathbf{a}_t | \mathbf{s}_t)} A_{\pi_{\theta old}}(\mathbf{s}_t, \mathbf{a}_t) \right] - \beta \mathbb{E}_{s \sim \rho} [KL(\pi_{\theta old}(.|s) || \pi_{\theta}(\mathbf{a}_t | \mathbf{s}_t))] \leq \delta$$

- ▶ Makes it possible to use SGD instead of conjugate gradient

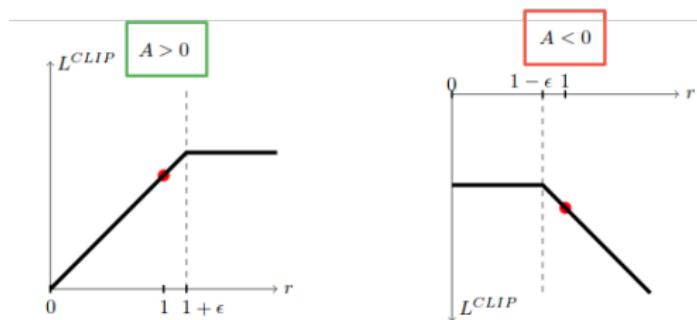


Schulman, J., Wolski, F., Dhariwal, P., Radford, A., and Klimov, O. (2017). Proximal Policy Optimization Algorithms. arXiv preprint arXiv:1707.06347.



Heess, N., Sriram, S., Lemmon, J., Merel, J., Wayne, G., Tassa, Y., Erez, T., Wang, Z., Eslami, A., Riedmiller, M., et al. (2017). Emergence of locomotion behaviours in rich environments. arXiv preprint arXiv:1707.02286

Proximal Policy Optimization (Algorithm 2)



- ▶ $\frac{\pi_{\theta}(a|s)}{\pi_{\theta_{old}}(a|s)}$ may get huge if $\pi_{\theta_{old}}$ is very small
- ▶ Clipped importance sampling loss (clipping the surrogate objective)

$$r_t(\theta) = \frac{\pi_{\theta}(\mathbf{a}_t | \mathbf{s}_t)}{\pi_{\theta_{old}}(\mathbf{a}_t | \mathbf{s}_t)}$$

$$L^{CLIP}(\theta) = \mathbb{E}_t[\min(r_t(\theta)\hat{A}_t, \text{clip}(r_t(\theta), 1 - \epsilon, 1 + \epsilon)\hat{A}_t)]$$

- ▶ Back-propagate $L^{CLIP}(\theta)$ through a policy network

Is PPO actor-critic?

- ▶ Improvement over TRPO, thus REINFORCE-like policy update
- ▶ But:
 - ▶ Algorithm: “PPO, actor-critic style”
 - ▶ In the Dota-2 paper: “PPO, a variant of advantage actor-critic, ...”
- ▶ What matters is the critic (or baseline) update method
- ▶ Uses N-step Generalized Advantage Estimate instead of Monte Carlo
- ▶ Thus somewhere between MC and TD (same for ACKTR)
- ▶ Other properties:
 - ▶ Simpler implementation, better performance than TRPO
 - ▶ Does not use a replay buffer → more stable, less sample efficient
 - ▶ Still **on-policy**, π_θ and $\pi_{\theta old}$ cannot differ much



Christopher Berner, Greg Brockman, Brooke Chan, Vicki Cheung, Przemysław Debiak, Christy Dennison, David Farhi, Quirin Fischer, Shariq Hashme, Chris Hesse, et al. Dota 2 with large scale deep reinforcement learning. *arXiv preprint arXiv:1912.06680*, 2019



PPO applications



1536 GPU at peak, 10 months
for training, 40.000 years



a pool of 384 worker machines,
each with 16 CPU cores



64 V100 GPU + 900 workers,
with 32 CPU cores, several months,
13.000 years

- ▶ Massive parallel versions of PPO, with dedicated architectures
- ▶ Very few teams can afford such engineering and computing effort

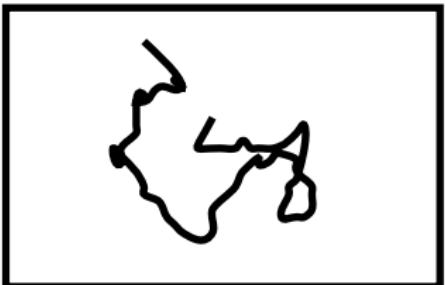


Ilge Akkaya, Marcin Andrychowicz, Maciek Chociej, Mateusz Litwin, Bob McGrew, Arthur Petron, Alex Paine, Matthias Plappert, Glenn Powell, Raphael Ribas, et al. Solving rubik's cube with a robot hand. *arXiv preprint arXiv:1910.07113*, 2019

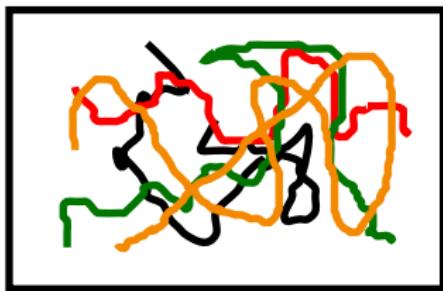


OpenAI: Marcin Andrychowicz, Bowen Baker, Maciek Chociej, Rafal Jozefowicz, Bob McGrew, Jakub Pachocki, Arthur Petron, Matthias Plappert, Glenn Powell, Alex Ray, et al. Learning dexterous in-hand manipulation. *The International Journal of Robotics Research*, 39(1):3–20, 2020

Massive parallel updates



One worker



Many workers

- ▶ Several workers in parallel: more i.i.d and faster exploration
- ▶ The acceleration is better than linear in the number of workers
- ▶ No need for a replay buffer (as in A3C), but loss of sample efficiency

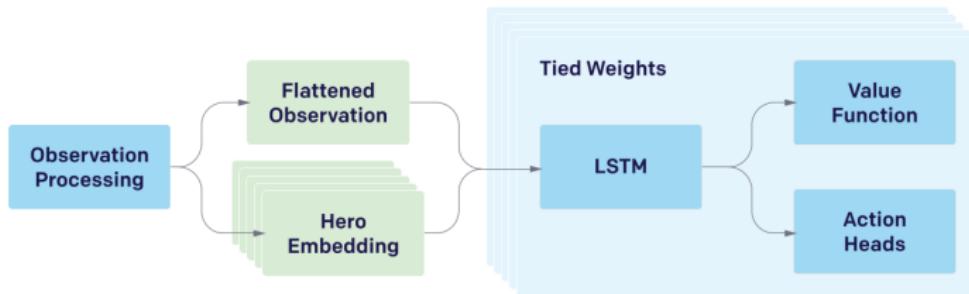


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OpenIA five



- ▶ The LSTM deals with non-Markov data
- ▶ The vision layers are problem specific



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Any question?



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